

# History Year 5 Term 1: Anglo-Saxons and Scots



## St Leonard's CE Primary Academy

Living and Learning Together with God's Help

### Key Learning Points:

- To understand who were the Anglo-Saxons and Scots.
- To explore the Anglo-Saxon leaders and Kings.
- To find out where the Anglo-Saxons came from.
- To understand why the Anglo-Saxons and Scots invade England.
- Explain how Christianity came to Anglo Saxon England.
- To explain how the Anglo Saxons brought law and order to Britain.

### Anglo-Saxon Days of the Week

Monandæg	Day of the Moon
Tiwesdæg	Tiw's day
Wodnesdæg	Woden's day
Dunresdæg	Dunor/Thor's day
Frigedæg	Freia's day (Woden's Wife)
Saeternesdæg	Saturn's day
Sunnandæg	Day of the Sun



## Driver: Independence



### Key Facts and Dates

Who were the Anglo-Saxons?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The Angle, Saxon and Jute are known as the Anglo-Saxons. The Angles and the Saxon tribes were the largest of the three attacking tribes and so we often know them as Anglo-Saxons. They shared the same language but were each ruled by different strong warriors.</li> </ul>
Why did the Anglo-Saxons invade England?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Historians are not sure why the Anglo-Saxons came to Britain. Some say that the Saxons were invited to Britain to keep invaders from Scotland and Ireland out. Additionally, their lands often flooded and it was difficult to grow crops so they were looking for somewhere to farm and settle.</li> </ul>
When did Christianity come to England?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>About 1400 years ago, the Pope in Rome sent a message to persuade the Anglo-Saxons to become Christian. The Augustine landed in the South and converted King Ethelbert of Kent and his people. He built a church and Christianity then spread to other parts of Britain.</li> </ul>
Key Dates	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>410AD - Romans left Britain</li> <li>449AD - Angles and Saxons invaded England</li> <li>597AD - Pope sent Augustine to spread Christianity</li> <li>C.600AD - Anglo-Saxons gradually take over England</li> <li>793AD - Vikings attack Britain from Norway</li> <li>871AD - Alfred the Great becomes King of Wessex</li> <li>899AD - King Alfred the great died</li> <li>924AD - Athelston became King of Wessex</li> <li>937AD - The Vikings invade Britain again and take back control of the North</li> <li>1042AD - Edward the Confessor becomes King</li> <li>1066AD - King Harold is killed in the battle of Hastings</li> </ul>

### Vocabulary

<b>AD</b>	Anno Domini - 'in the year of our Lord'. After the birth of Jesus
<b>Picts</b>	A tribe of people who invaded Ireland in C.200AD
<b>Scots</b>	A Gaelic-speaking tribe from Sotti in Ireland
<b>Jutes</b>	A tribe from Jutland (Now Denmark)
<b>Conflict</b>	A disagreement about something important
<b>Conquer</b>	To get or gain by force: win by fighting
<b>Pagan</b>	A person who believes in Many Gods
<b>Kingdom</b>	A country whose ruler is a King or Queen
<b>Runes</b>	The letters used by the Anglo-Saxons
<b>Invasion</b>	One country attacking another to take it over
<b>Unified</b>	A word that means being together
<b>Settlement</b>	A colony or small community of people
<b>Hoard</b>	Items buried and left for safe keeping
<b>Wergild</b>	Payment system used to settle disputes between criminals and victims